

Chip resistor networks

MNR15 (1608×5 size)

●Features

- 1) Suitable for pull-up and pull-down resistors.
- 2) No direction to be mounted by placing common electrode with symmetry.
- 3) Convex electrodes
Easy to check the fillet after soldering is finished.
- 4) High-density mounting
Can be mounted even densely than eight 1005 chips (MCR01), and mounting costs are lower.
- 5) Compatible with a wide range of mounting machines.
Squared corners make it excellent for mounting using image recognition machines.
- 6) ROHM resistors have approved ISO-9001 certification.
Design and specifications are subject to change without notice. Carefully check the specification sheet supplied with the product before using or ordering it.

●Ratings

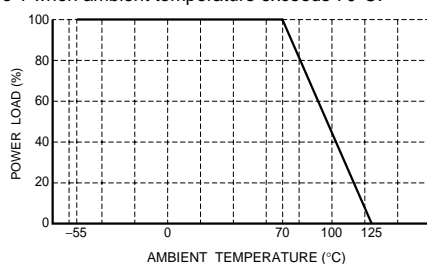
Item	Conditions	Specifications	
Rated power	<p>Power must be derated according to the power derating curve in Figure 1 when ambient temperature exceeds 70°C.</p> <div><p style="text-align: center;">Fig.1</p></div>	0.031W (1 / 32W) at 70°C	
Rated voltage	<p>The voltage rating is calculated by the following equation. If the value obtained exceeds the limiting element voltage, the voltage rating is equal to the maximum operating voltage.</p> <div>$E = \sqrt{P \times R}$<div><p>E : Rated voltage (V)</p><p>P : Rated power (W)</p><p>R : Nominal resistance (Ω)</p></div></div>	<div>Limiting element voltage</div> <div>12.5V</div>	
Nominal resistance	See <u>Table 1</u> .		
Operating temperature		-55°C~+125°C	

Table 1

Resistance tolerance	Resistance range (Ω)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm / °C)
J (±5%)	56≤R≤100k (E24)	±200

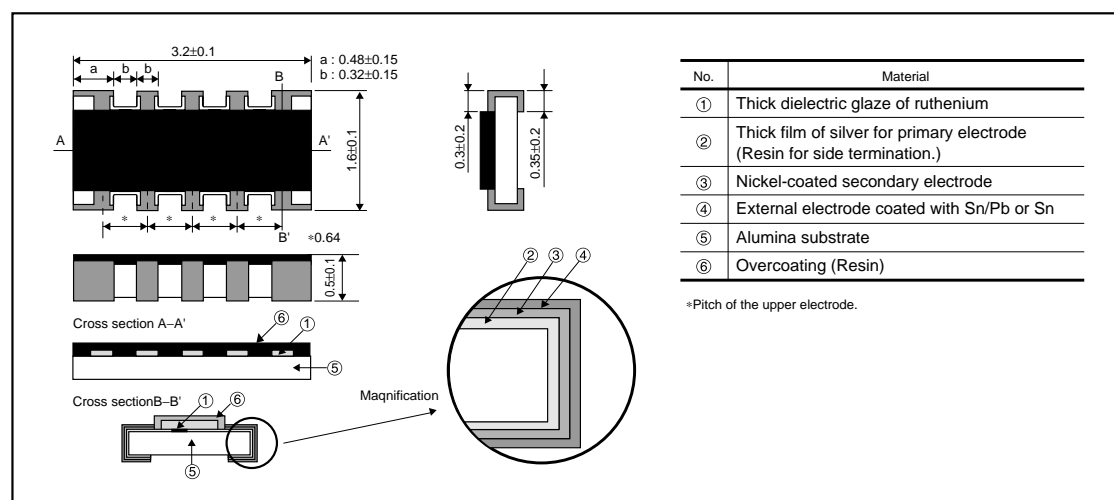
*Before using components in circuits where they will be exposed to transients such as pulse loads (short-duration, high-level loads), be certain to evaluate the component in the mounted state. In addition, the reliability and performance of this component cannot be guaranteed if it is used with a steady state voltage that is greater than its rated voltage.

Resistors

●Characteristics

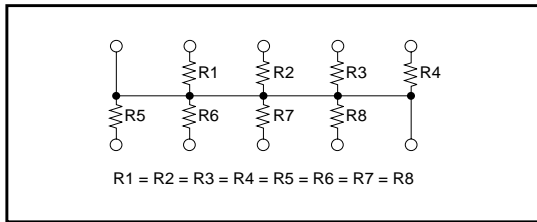
Item	Guaranteed value	Test conditions (JIS C 5201-1)
	Resistor type	
Resistance	J : $\pm 5\%$	JIS C 5201-1 4.5
Variation of resistance with temperature	See Table.1	JIS C 5201-1 4.8 Measurement : $-55 / +25 / +125^{\circ}\text{C}$
Overload	$\pm (2.0\%+0.1\Omega)$	JIS C 5201-1 4.13 Rated voltage $\times 2.5$, 2s. Limiting element voltage $\times 2$: 25V
Solderability	A new uniform coating of minimum of 95% of the surface being immersed and no soldering damage.	JIS C 5201-1 4.17 Rosin-Ethanol (25%WT) Soldering condition : $235\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Duration of immersion : $2.0\pm 0.5\text{s}$.
Resistance to soldering heat	$\pm (1.0\%+0.05\Omega)$ No remarkable abnormality on the appearance.	JIS C 5201-1 4.18 Soldering condition : $260\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Duration of immersion : $10\pm 1\text{s}$.
Rapid change of temperature	$\pm (1.0\%+0.05\Omega)$	JIS C 5201-1 4.19 Test temp. : $-55^{\circ}\text{C}\sim +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ 5cyc
Damp heat, steady state	$\pm (3.0\%+0.1\Omega)$	JIS C 5201-1 4.24 40°C , 93%RH Test time : 1,000h~1,048h
Endurance at 70°C	$\pm (3.0\%+0.1\Omega)$	JIS C 5201-1 4.25.1 Rated voltage, 70°C 1.5h : ON – 0.5h : OFF Test time : 1,000h~1,048h
Endurance	$\pm (3.0\%+0.1\Omega)$	JIS C 5201-1 4.25.3 125°C Test time : 1,000h~1,048h
Resistance to solvent	$\pm (1.0\%+0.05\Omega)$	JIS C 5201-1 4.29 $23\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$, Immersion cleaning, $5\pm 0.5\text{min}$. Solvent : 2-propanol
Bend strength of the end face plating	$\pm (1.0\%+0.05\Omega)$ Without mechanical damage such as breaks.	JIS C 5201-1 4.33

●External dimensions (Units : mm)



Resistors

●Equivalent circuit



●Packaging

Reel

The diagram shows a top view of a reel. Dimension A is the total width. Dimension B is the width of the central hub. Dimension D is the thickness of the hub. Dimension C is the width of the outer flange. A label is shown on the flange with a diameter of 13 mm. The reel is EIAJ ET-7200A compliant.

EIAJ ET-7200A compliant

(Units: mm)

A	B	C	D
$\phi 180 \begin{smallmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\phi 60 \begin{smallmatrix} +1 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$9 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.0 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\phi 13 \pm 0.2$

Taping

The diagram shows a side view of a resistor tape. Dimensions P0, P1, and P2 are the pitch between the resistors. D0 is the diameter of the hole. E is the thickness of the tape. F is the height of the resistors. W is the width of the tape. A0 is the width of the resistors. B0 is the height of the resistors. T2 is the thickness of the tape. Labels include Heat crimp cover / Tape, Thick paper mount, (Underside paper tape), Chip network resistors, and Square punchout hole.

(Units: mm)

W	F	E	A0	B0
8.0 ± 0.3	3.5 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.1	1.8 ± 0.1	3.4 ± 0.1
D0	P0	P1	P2	T2
$\phi 1.5 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.1 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	4.0 ± 0.1	4.0 ± 0.1	2.0 ± 0.05	Max. 1.1

●Product designation

Part No.									
M	N	R	1	5	E	0	R	P	J
Packaging / Processing specifications					Circuit configuration code		Resistance tolerance		Nominal resistance
Code	Part No.	Packaging	Package style		RP MNR15		J	$\pm 5\%$	3-digit IEC coding system
E0	MNR15	Taping	Paper tape with reel (5,000)						

Resistors

●Electrical characteristics

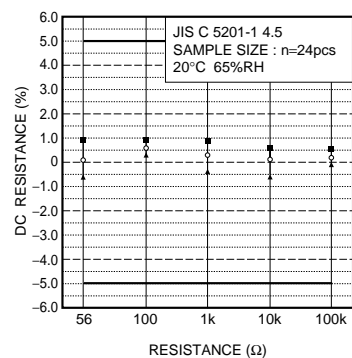


Fig.2 Resistance

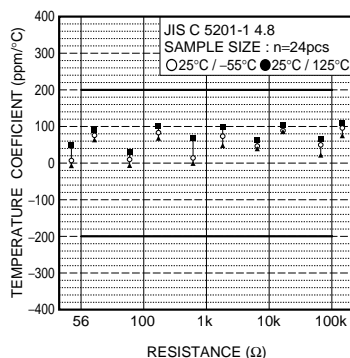


Fig.3 Variation resistance with temperature

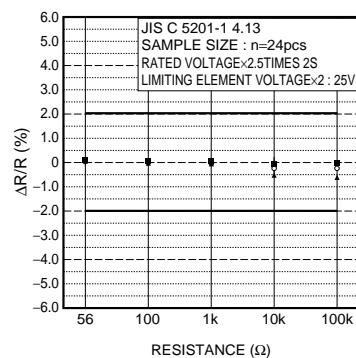


Fig.4 Overload

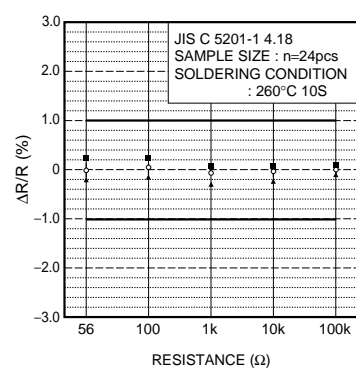


Fig.5 Resistance to soldering heat

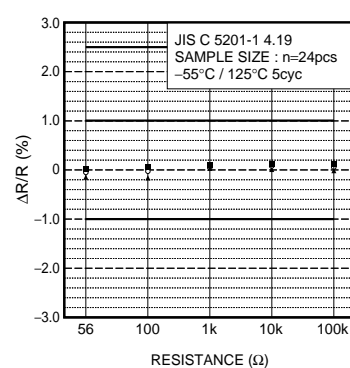


Fig.6 Rapid change of temperature

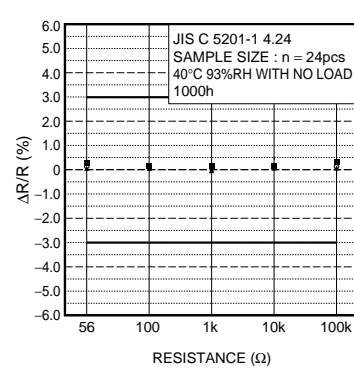


Fig.7 Damp heat, steady state

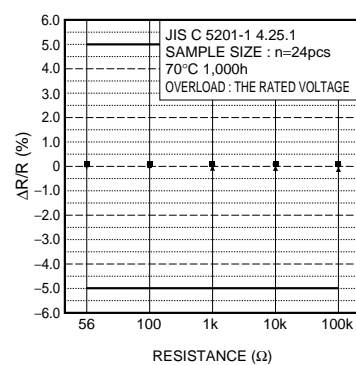


Fig.8 Endurance at 70°C

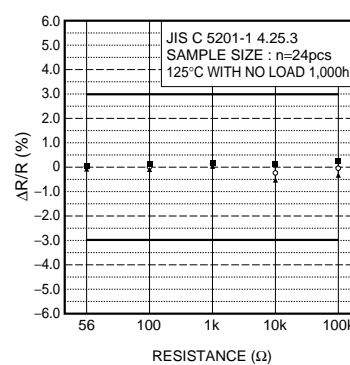


Fig.9 Endurance