

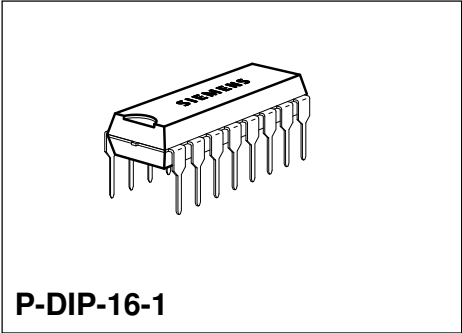
## Phase Control IC

TCA 785

Bipolar IC

### Features

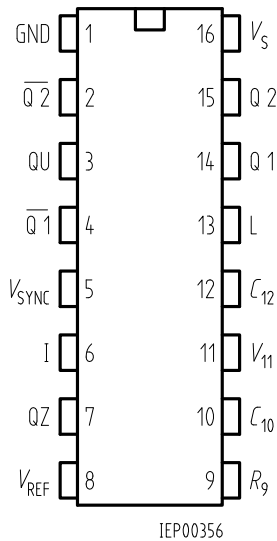
- Reliable recognition of zero passage
- Large application scope
- May be used as zero point switch
- LSL compatible
- Three-phase operation possible (3 ICs)
- Output current 250 mA
- Large ramp current range
- Wide temperature range



| Type    | Ordering Code | Package    |
|---------|---------------|------------|
| TCA 785 | Q67000-A2321  | P-DIP-16-1 |

This phase control IC is intended to control thyristors, triacs, and transistors. The trigger pulses can be shifted within a phase angle between 0 ° and 180 °. Typical applications include converter circuits, AC controllers and three-phase current controllers.

This IC replaces the previous types TCA 780 and TCA 780 D.



### Pin Configuration (top view)

### Pin Definitions and Functions

| Pin | Symbol           | Function            |
|-----|------------------|---------------------|
| 1   | GND              | Ground              |
| 2   | $\overline{Q2}$  | Output 2 inverted   |
| 3   | $\overline{Q U}$ | Output U            |
| 4   | $\overline{Q2}$  | Output 1 inverted   |
| 5   | $V_{SYNC}$       | Synchronous voltage |
| 6   | I                | Inhibit             |
| 7   | $\overline{Q Z}$ | Output Z            |
| 8   | $V_{REF}$        | Stabilized voltage  |
| 9   | $R_9$            | Ramp resistance     |
| 10  | $C_{10}$         | Ramp capacitance    |
| 11  | $V_{11}$         | Control voltage     |
| 12  | $C_{12}$         | Pulse extension     |
| 13  | L                | Long pulse          |
| 14  | Q 1              | Output 1            |
| 15  | Q 2              | Output 2            |
| 16  | $V_S$            | Supply voltage      |

## Functional Description

The synchronization signal is obtained via a high-ohmic resistance from the line voltage (voltage  $V_5$ ). A zero voltage detector evaluates the zero passages and transfers them to the synchronization register.

This synchronization register controls a ramp generator, the capacitor  $C_{10}$  of which is charged by a constant current (determined by  $R_9$ ). If the ramp voltage  $V_{10}$  exceeds the control voltage  $V_{11}$  (triggering angle  $\varphi$ ), a signal is processed to the logic. Dependent on the magnitude of the control voltage  $V_{11}$ , the triggering angle  $\varphi$  can be shifted within a phase angle of  $0^\circ$  to  $180^\circ$ .

For every half wave, a positive pulse of approx.  $30 \mu s$  duration appears at the outputs Q 1 and Q 2. The pulse duration can be prolonged up to  $180^\circ$  via a capacitor  $C_{12}$ . If pin 12 is connected to ground, pulses with a duration between  $\varphi$  and  $180^\circ$  will result.

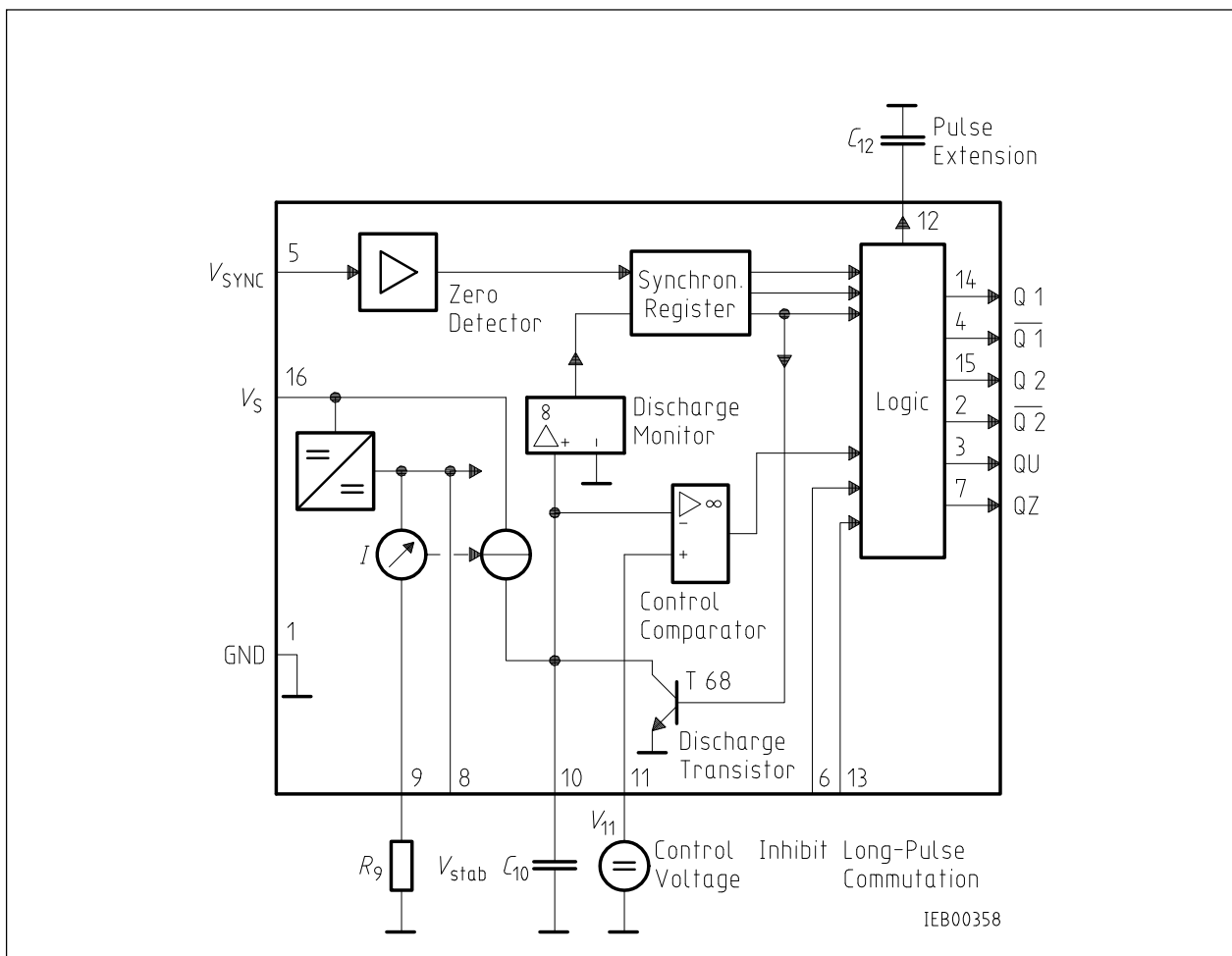
Outputs  $\overline{Q1}$  and  $\overline{Q2}$  supply the inverse signals of Q 1 and Q 2.

A signal of  $\varphi + 180^\circ$  which can be used for controlling an external logic, is available at pin 3.

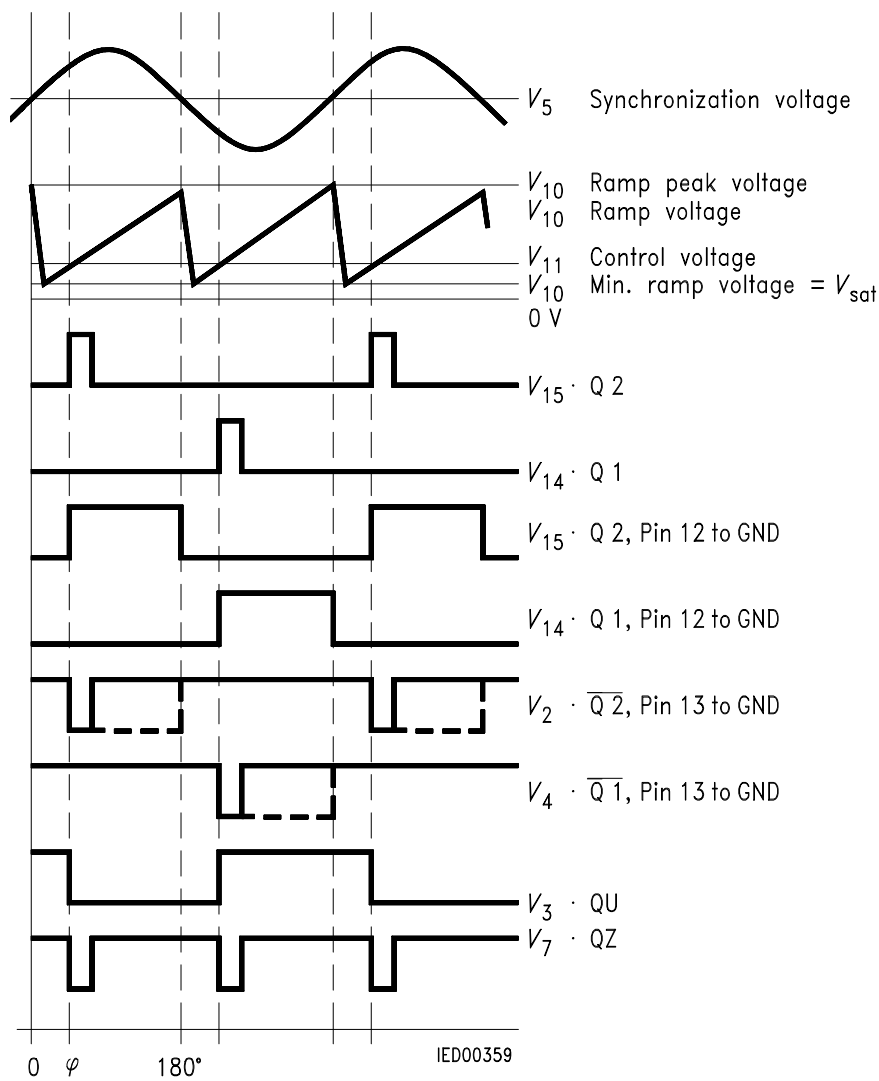
A signal which corresponds to the NOR link of Q 1 and Q 2 is available at output Q Z (pin 7).

The inhibit input can be used to disable outputs Q1, Q2 and  $\overline{Q1}$ ,  $\overline{Q2}$ .

Pin 13 can be used to extend the outputs  $\overline{Q1}$  and  $\overline{Q2}$  to full pulse length ( $180^\circ - \varphi$ ).



Block Diagram



Pulse Diagram

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                        | Symbol      | Limit Values |           | Unit        |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
|                                  |             | min.         | max.      |             |
| Supply voltage                   | $V_S$       | – 0.5        | 18        | V           |
| Output current at pin 14, 15     | $I_Q$       | – 10         | 400       | mA          |
| Inhibit voltage                  | $V_6$       | – 0.5        | $V_S$     | V           |
| Control voltage                  | $V_{11}$    | – 0.5        | $V_S$     | V           |
| Voltage short-pulse circuit      | $V_{13}$    | – 0.5        | $V_S$     | V           |
| Synchronization input current    | $V_5$       | – 200        | $\pm 200$ | $\mu A$     |
| Output voltage at pin 14, 15     | $V_Q$       |              | $V_S$     | V           |
| Output current at pin 2, 3, 4, 7 | $I_Q$       |              | 10        | mA          |
| Output voltage at pin 2, 3, 4, 7 | $V_Q$       |              | $V_S$     | V           |
| Junction temperature             | $T_j$       |              | 150       | $^{\circ}C$ |
| Storage temperature              | $T_{stg}$   | – 55         | 125       | $^{\circ}C$ |
| Thermal resistance system - air  | $R_{th SA}$ |              | 80        | K/W         |

## Operating Range

|                     |       |      |     |             |
|---------------------|-------|------|-----|-------------|
| Supply voltage      | $V_S$ | 8    | 18  | V           |
| Operating frequency | $f$   | 10   | 500 | Hz          |
| Ambient temperature | $T_A$ | – 25 | 85  | $^{\circ}C$ |

## Characteristics

$8 \leq V_S \leq 18 V$ ;  $-25^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C$ ;  $f = 50 Hz$

| Parameter  | Symbol       | Limit Values |      |               | Unit      | Test Circuit |
|--|--------------|--------------|------|---------------|-----------|--------------|
|  |              | min.         | typ. | max.          |           |              |
| Supply current consumption<br>S1 ... S6 open<br>$V_{11} = 0 V$<br>$C_{10} = 47 nF$ ; $R_9 = 100 k\Omega$ | $I_S$        | 4.5          | 6.5  | 10            | mA        | 1            |
| Synchronization pin 5<br>Input current   | $I_{5 rms}$  | 30           |      | 200           | $\mu A$   | 1            |
| Offset voltage   | $\Delta V_5$ |              | 30   | 75            | mV        | 4            |
| Control input pin 11<br>Control voltage range  | $V_{11}$     | 0.2          |      | $V_{10 peak}$ | V         | 1            |
| Input resistance   | $R_{11}$     |              | 15   |               | $k\Omega$ | 5            |

## Characteristics (cont'd)

$8 \leq V_S \leq 18 \text{ V}$ ;  $-25^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$

| Parameter   | Symbol                      | Limit Values |         |           | Unit             | Test Circuit |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------|---------|-----------|------------------|--------------|
|   |                             | min.         | typ.    | max.      |                  |              |
| Ramp generator  |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Charge current  | $I_{10}$                    | 10           |         | 1000      | $\mu\text{A}$    |              |
| Max. ramp voltage   | $V_{10}$                    |              |         | $V_2 - 2$ | V                | 1            |
| Saturation voltage at capacitor   | $V_{10}$                    | 100          | 225     | 350       | mV               | 1.6          |
| Ramp resistance   | $R_9$                       | 3            |         | 300       | $\text{k}\Omega$ | 1            |
| Sawtooth return time  | $t_f$                       |              | 80      |           | $\mu\text{s}$    | 1            |
| Inhibit pin 6   |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| switch-over of pin 7  |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Outputs disabled  | $V_{6L}$                    |              | 3.3     | 2.5       | V                | 1            |
| Outputs enabled   | $V_{6H}$                    | 4            | 3.3     |           | V                | 1            |
| Signal transition time  | $t_r$                       | 1            |         | 5         | $\mu\text{s}$    | 1            |
| Input current   | $I_{6H}$                    |              | 500     | 800       | $\mu\text{A}$    | 1            |
| $V_6 = 8 \text{ V}$   |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Input current   | $-I_{6L}$                   | 80           | 150     | 200       | $\mu\text{A}$    | 1            |
| $V_6 = 1.7 \text{ V}$   |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Deviation of $I_{10}$   | $I_{10}$                    | -5           |         | 5         | %                | 1            |
| $R_9 = \text{const.}$   |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| $V_S = 12 \text{ V}$ ; $C_{10} = 47 \text{ nF}$                                     |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Deviation of $I_{10}$   | $I_{10}$                    | -20          |         | 20        | %                | 1            |
| $R_9 = \text{const.}$   |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| $V_S = 8 \text{ V to } 18 \text{ V}$  |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Deviation of the ramp voltage between 2 following half-waves, $V_S = \text{const.}$ | $\Delta V_{10 \text{ max}}$ |              | $\pm 1$ |           | %                |              |
| Long pulse switch-over  |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| pin 13  |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| switch-over of S8   |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Short pulse at output   | $V_{13H}$                   | 3.5          | 2.5     |           | V                | 1            |
| Long pulse at output  | $V_{13L}$                   |              | 2.5     | 2         | V                | 1            |
| Input current   | $I_{13H}$                   |              |         | 10        | $\mu\text{A}$    | 1            |
| $V_{13} = 8 \text{ V}$  |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Input current   | $-I_{13L}$                  | 45           | 65      | 100       | $\mu\text{A}$    | 1            |
| $V_{13} = 1.7 \text{ V}$  |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Outputs pin 2, 3, 4, 7  |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Reverse current   | $I_{CEO}$                   |              |         | 10        | $\mu\text{A}$    | 2.6          |
| $V_Q = V_S$   |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |
| Saturation voltage  | $V_{\text{sat}}$            | 0.1          | 0.4     | 2         | V                | 2.6          |
| $I_Q = 2 \text{ mA}$  |                             |              |         |           |                  |              |

## Characteristics (cont'd)

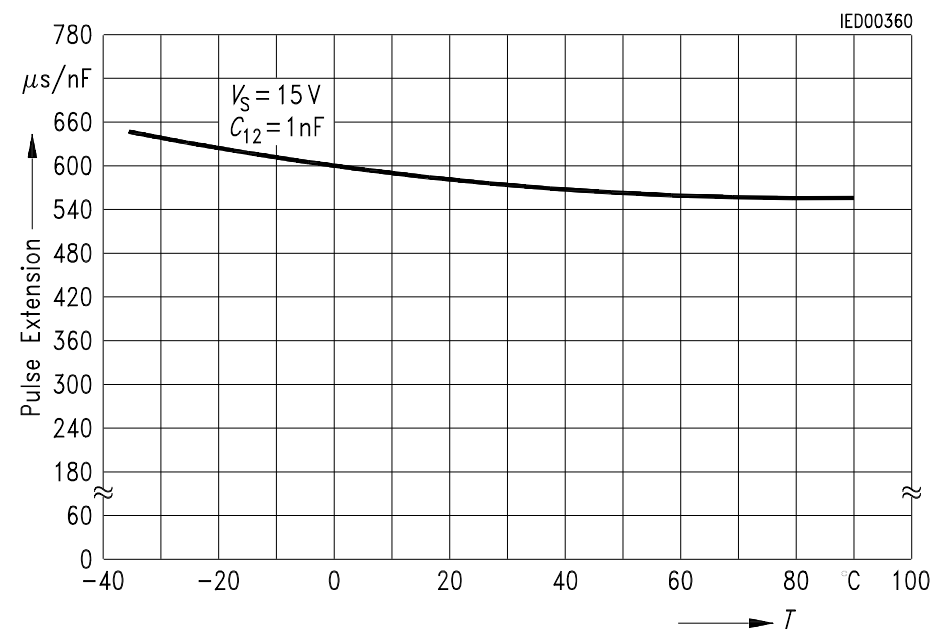
$8 \leq V_S \leq 18 \text{ V}; -25^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$

| Parameter                                    | Symbol                | Limit Values |                    |                    | Unit                    | Test Circuit |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
|  |                       | min.         | typ.               | max.               |                         |              |
| Outputs pin 14, 15                           |                       |              |                    |                    |                         |              |
| H-output voltage<br>– $I_Q = 250 \text{ mA}$ | $V_{14/15 \text{ H}}$ | $V_S - 3$    | $V_S - 2.5$        | $V_S - 1.0$        | V                       | 3.6          |
| L-output voltage<br>$I_Q = 2 \text{ mA}$     | $V_{14/15 \text{ L}}$ | 0.3          | 0.8                | 2                  | V                       | 2.6          |
| Pulse width (short pulse)<br>S9 open         | $t_p$                 | 20           | 30                 | 40                 | $\mu\text{s}$           | 1            |
| Pulse width (short pulse)<br>with $C_{12}$   | $t_p$                 | 530          | 620                | 760                | $\mu\text{s}/\text{nF}$ | 1            |
| Internal voltage control                     |                       |              |                    |                    |                         |              |
| Reference voltage                            | $V_{\text{REF}}$      | 2.8          | 3.1                | 3.4                | V                       | 1            |
| Parallel connection of<br>10 ICs possible    |                       |              |                    |                    |                         |              |
| TC of reference voltage                      | $\alpha_{\text{REF}}$ |              | $2 \times 10^{-4}$ | $5 \times 10^{-4}$ | 1/K                     | 1            |

Application Hints for External Components

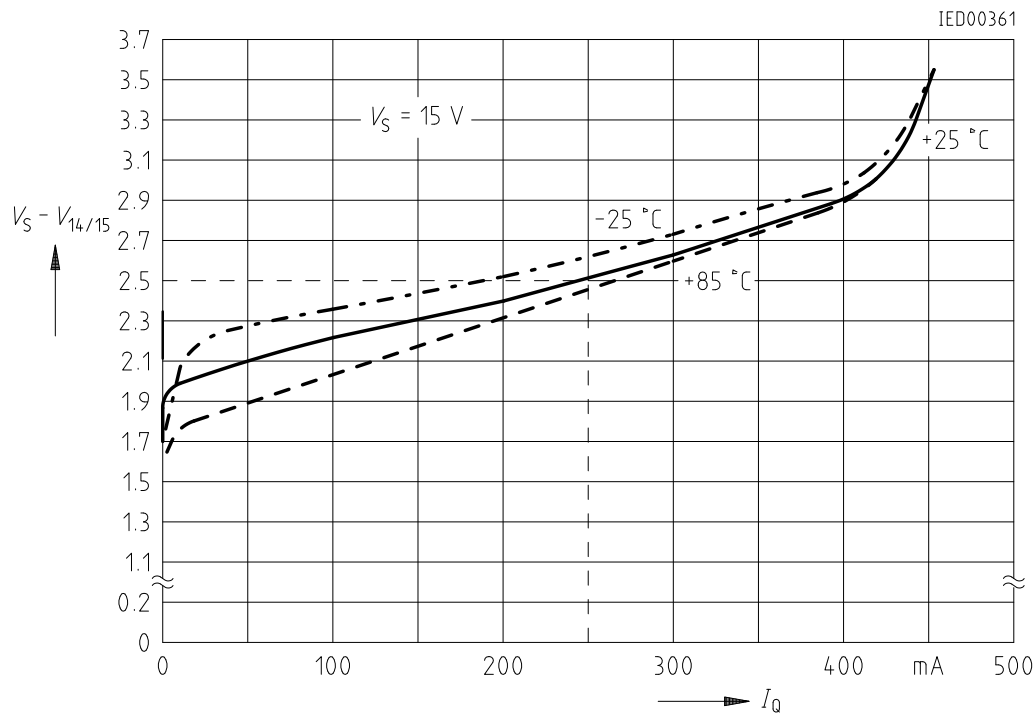
|                  |            |  |  |                         |  |
|------------------|------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|
|                  |            | min  |  | max                     |  |
| Ramp capacitance | $C_{10}$   | 500 pF   |  | 1 $\mu$ F <sup>1)</sup> | The minimum and maximum values of $I_{10}$ are to be observed  |
| Triggering point | $t_{Tr} =$ | $\frac{V_{11} \times R_9 \times C_{10}}{V_{REF} \times K}$ |  | <sup>2)</sup>           |  |
| Charge current   | $I_{10} =$ | $\frac{V_{REF} \times K}{R_9}$                             |  | <sup>2)</sup>           |  |
|                  |            |  |  |                         | Ramp voltage   |
|                  |            |  |  |                         | $V_{10\ max} = V_S - 2\ V$                                     |
|                  |            |  |  |                         | $V_{10} = \frac{V_{REF} \times K \times t}{R_9 \times C_{10}}$ |

Pulse Extension versus Temperature

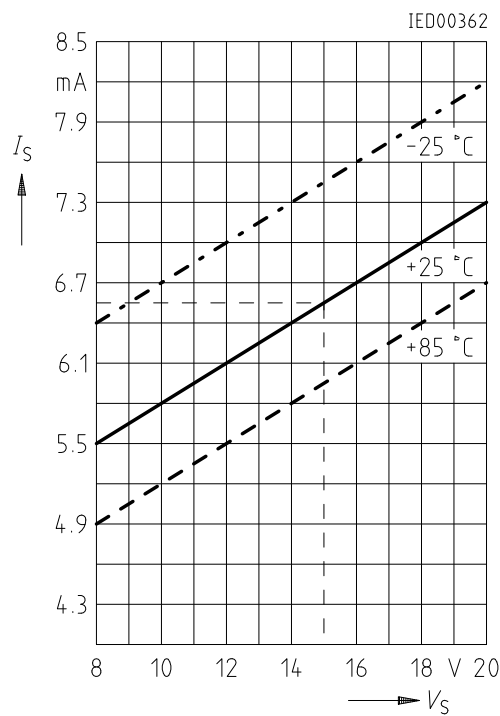


<sup>1)</sup> Attention to flyback times  
<sup>2)</sup>  $K = 1.10 \pm 20\ %$

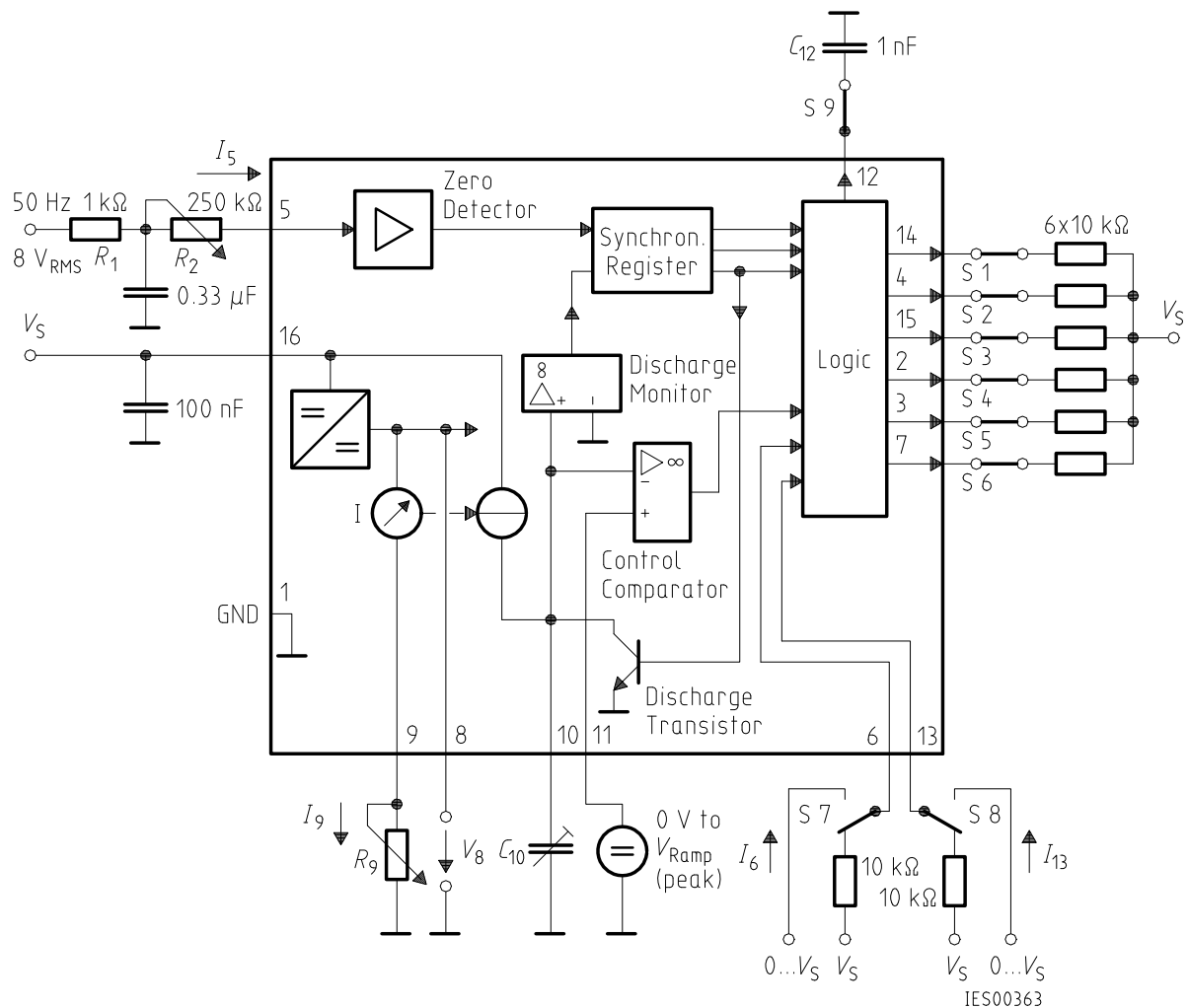
Output Voltage measured to +  $V_S$



Supply Current versus Supply Voltage

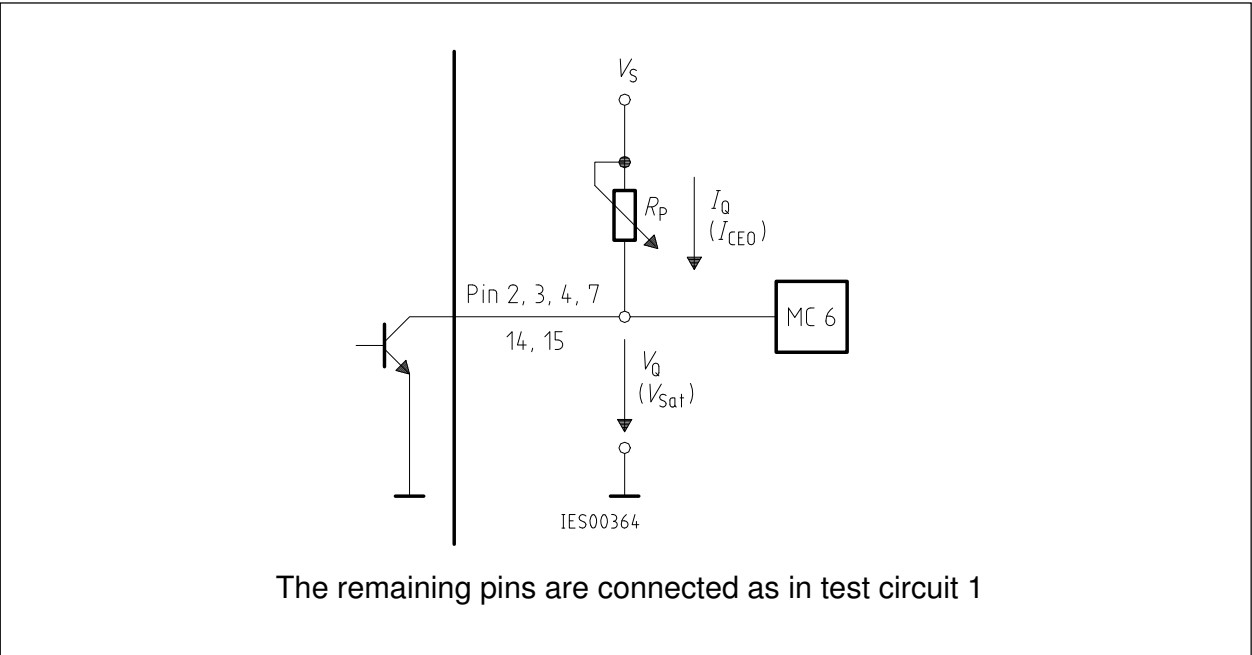




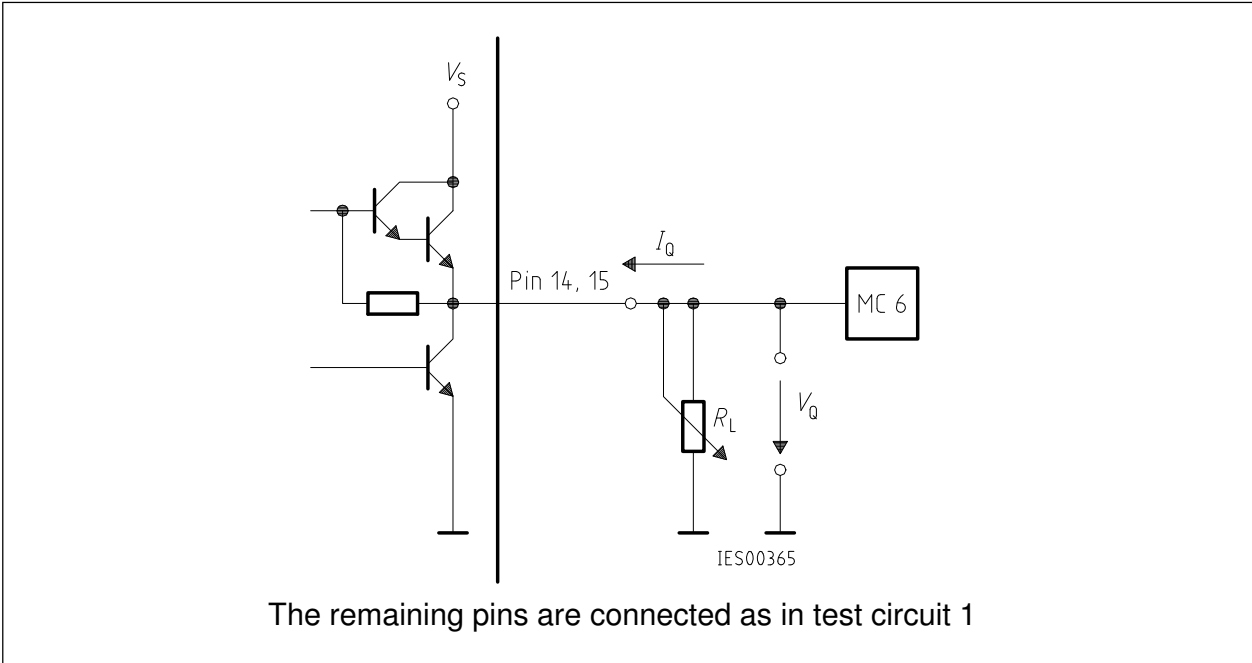


It is necessary for all measurements to adjust the ramp with the aid of  $C_{10}$  and  $R_9$  in the way that  $3 \text{ V} \leq V_{ramp \text{ max}} \leq V_S - 2 \text{ V}$   
 e.g.  $C_{10} = 47 \text{ nF}$ ;  $18 \text{ V}$ :  $R_9 = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $8 \text{ V}$ :  $R_9 = 120 \text{ k}\Omega$

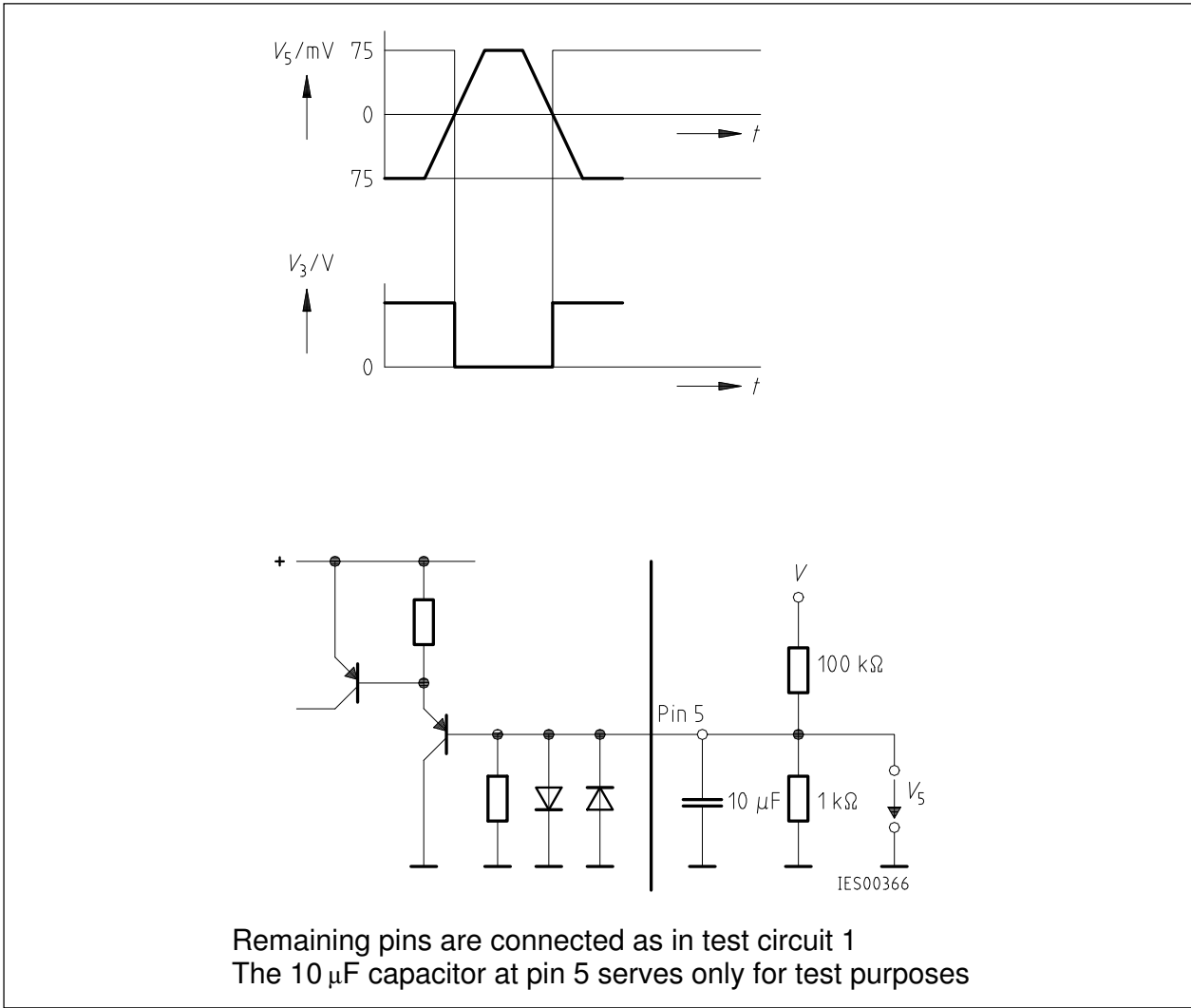
## Test Circuit 1



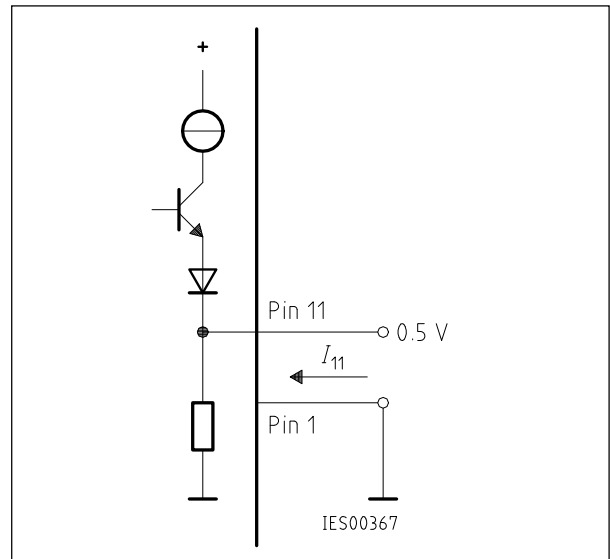
Test Circuit 2



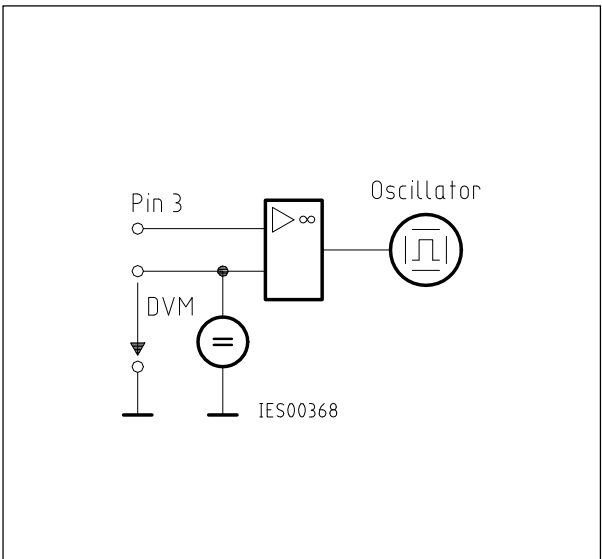
Test Circuit 3



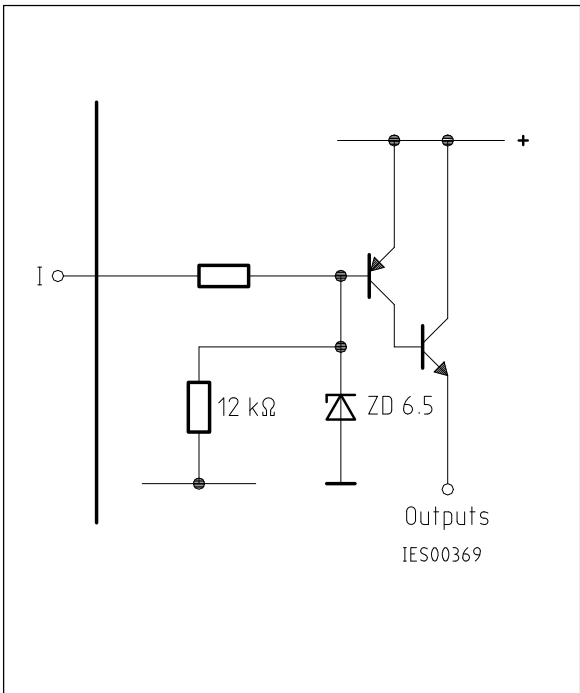
Test Circuit 4



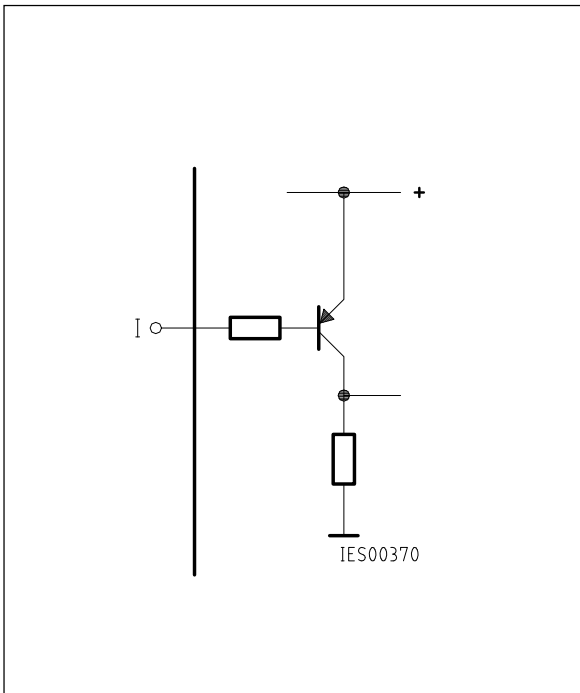
Test Circuit 5



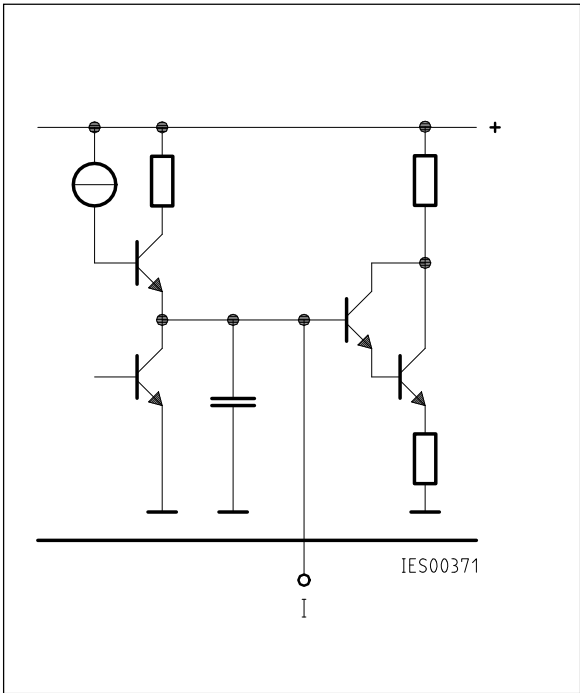
Test Circuit 6



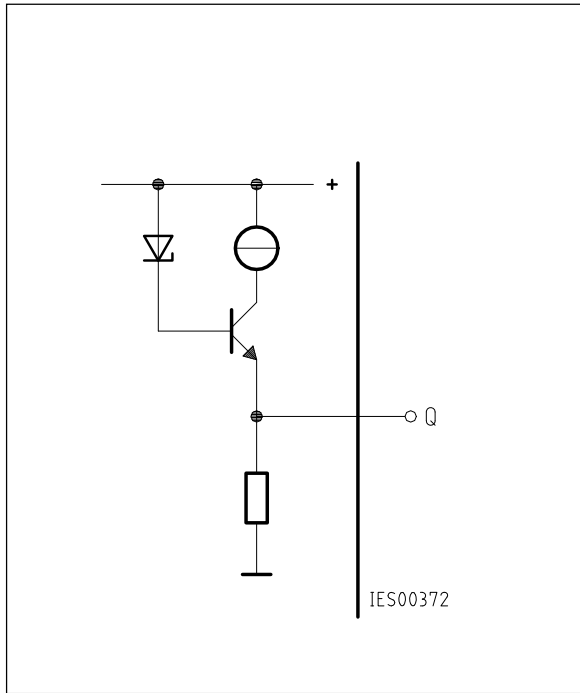
Inhibit 6



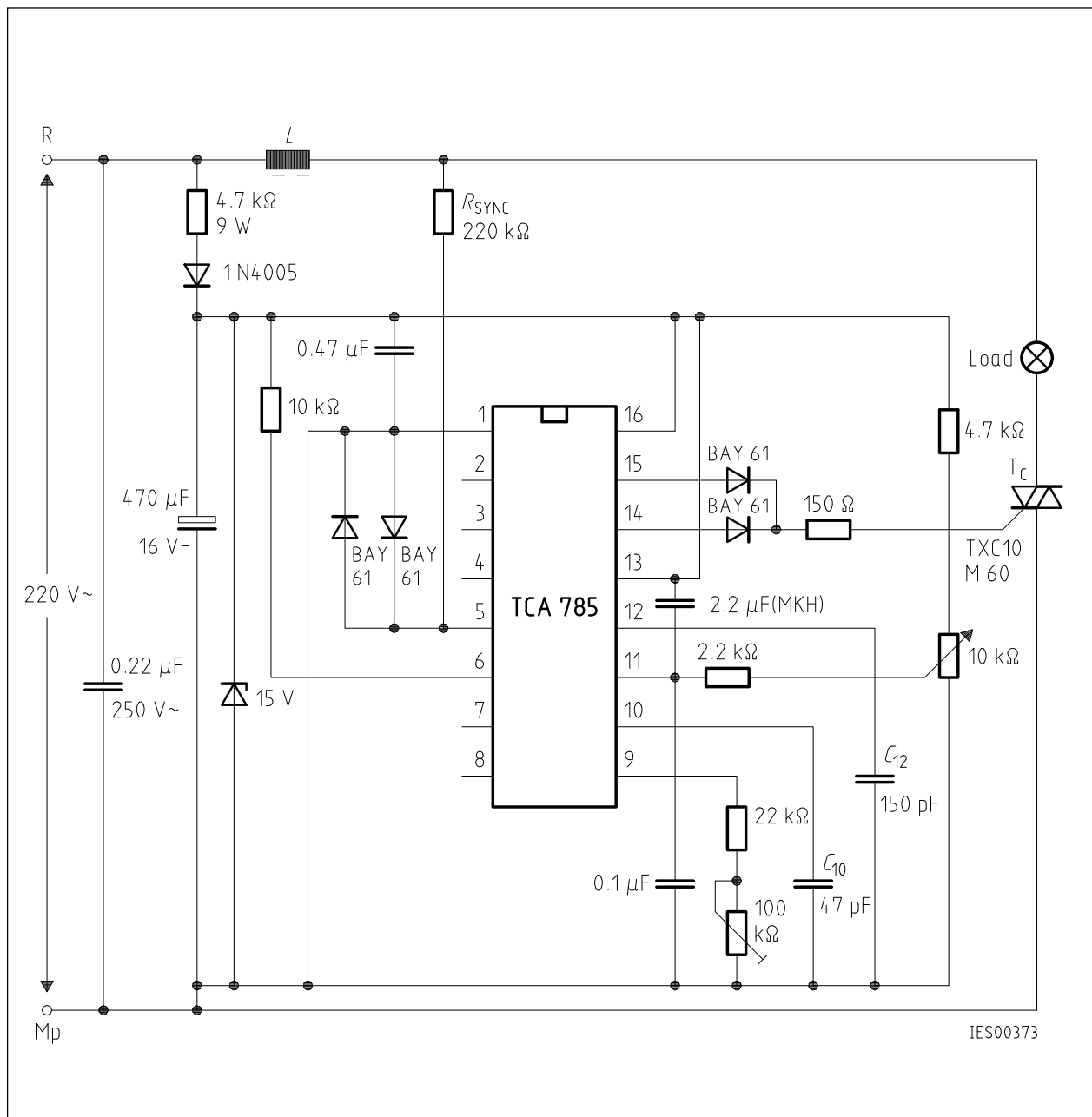
Long Pulse 13



Pulse Extension 12



Reference Voltage 8



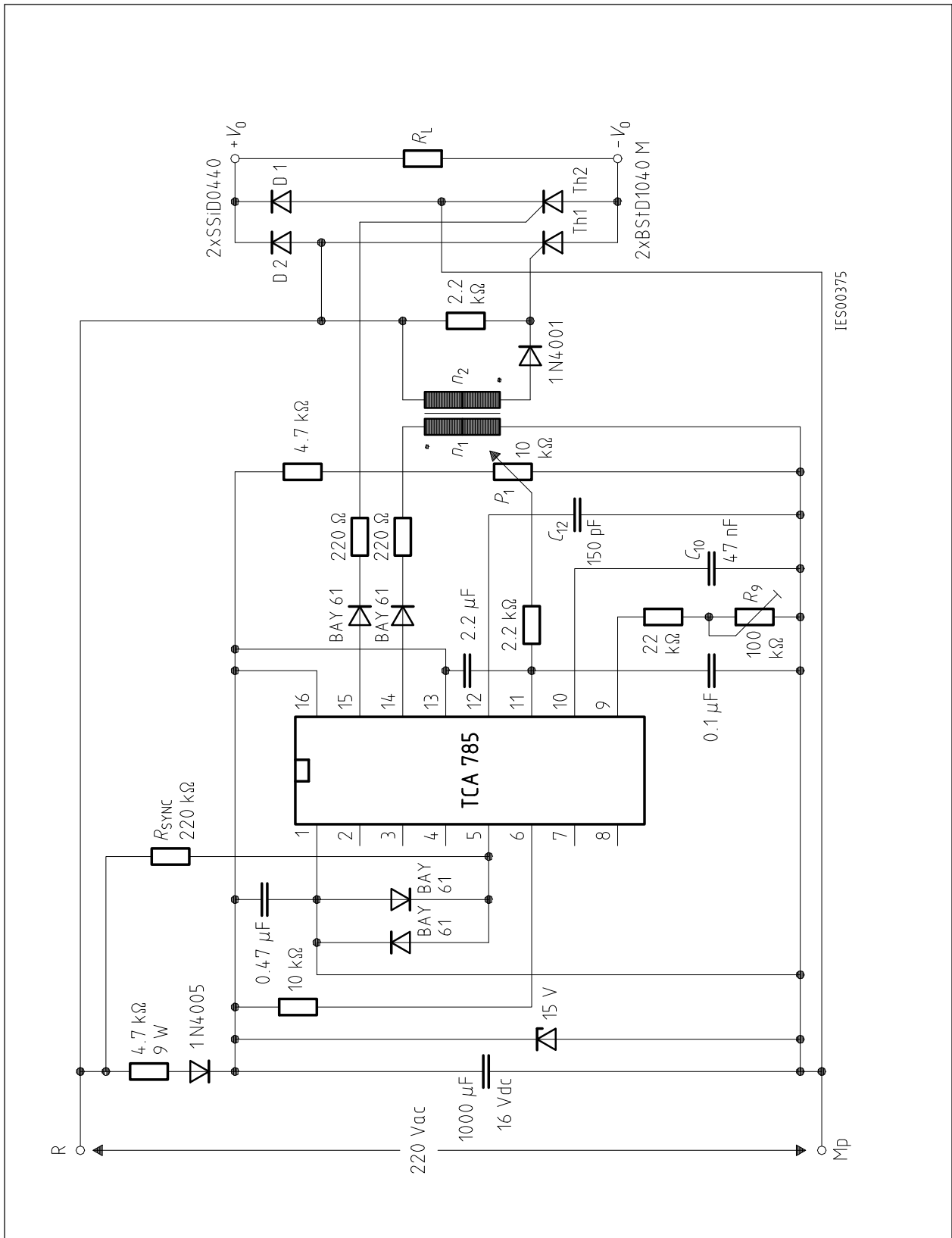
### Application Examples

#### Triac Control for up to 50 mA Gate Trigger Current

A phase control with a directly controlled triac is shown in the figure. The triggering angle of the triac can be adjusted continuously between  $0^\circ$  and  $180^\circ$  with the aid of an external potentiometer. During the positive half-wave of the line voltage, the triac receives a positive gate pulse from the IC output pin 15. During the negative half-wave, it also receives a positive trigger pulse from pin 14. The trigger pulse width is approx.  $100 \mu\text{s}$ .



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## Half-Controlled Single-Phase Bridge Circuit with Trigger Pulse Transformer and Direct Control for Low-Power Thyristors

