

# T-1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, 2 mm X 5 mm Rectangular Bicolor LED Lamps High Efficiency Red/ High Performance Green

# **Technical Data**

#### HLMP-4000 HLMP-0800

HLMP-0800

#### **Features:**

- Two Color (Red, Green) Operation
- (Other Two LED Color Combinations Available)
- Three Leads with One Common Cathode
- Option of Straight or Spread Lead Configurations
- Diffused, Wide Visibility Lens

#### **Description**

The T-1 3/4 HLMP-4000 and 2 mm by 5 mm rectangular HLMP-0800 are three leaded bicolor light sources designed for a variety of applications where dual state illumination is required in the same package. There are two LED chips, high efficiency red (HER), and high performance green (Green), mounted on a central common cathode lead for maximum on-axis viewability. Colors between HER and Green can be generated by independently pulse width modulating the LED chips.

# Other Bicolor Combinations

Other bicolor combinations are available:

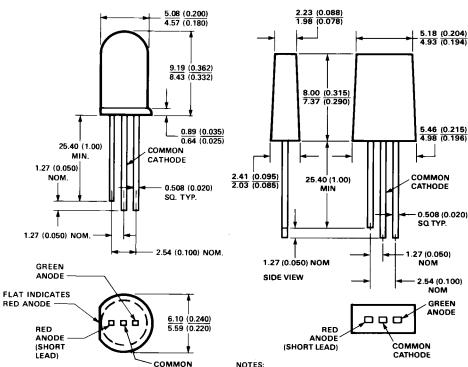
- HER/yellow
- HER/green
- DH AlGaAs red/green.

Contact your local Hewlett-Packard Components Field Sales representative for details.



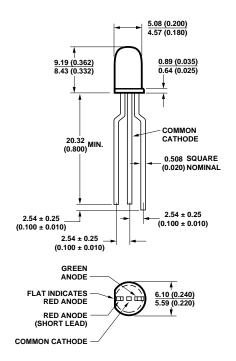
# **Package Dimensions**

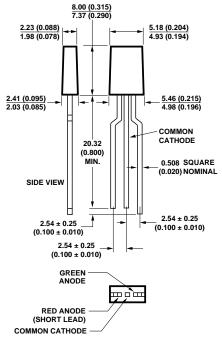
HLMP-4000



ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES (INCHES).
 AN EPOXY MENISCUS MAY EXTEND ABOUT 1 mm
 (0.040") DOWN THE LEADS.

### Package Dimensions, continued





NOTES:
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
2. AN EPOXY MENISCUS MAY EXTEND ABOUT
1 MM (0.040") DOWN THE LEADS.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A = 25$ °C

Parameter	High Efficiency Red/Green	Units	
Peak Forward Current	90	mA	
Average Forward Current <sup>[1,2]</sup> (Total)	25	mA	
DC Current <sup>[2,4]</sup> (Total)	30	mA	
Power Dissipation <sup>[3,5]</sup> (Total)	135	mW	
Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +85	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +100		
Reverse Voltage ( $I_R = 100 \mu A$ )	5	V	
Transient Forward Current <sup>[6]</sup> (10 µsec Pulse)	500	mA	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6 mm (0.063 in.) below seating plane]	260°C for 5 seconds		

#### Notes:

- 1. See Figure 5 to establish pulsed operating conditions.
- 2. The combined simultaneous current must not exceed the maximum.
- $3. \ {\rm The} \ {\rm combined} \ {\rm simultaneous} \ {\rm power} \ {\rm must} \ {\rm not} \ {\rm exceed} \ {\rm the} \ {\rm maximum}.$
- 4. For HER and Green derate linearly from 50°C at 0.5 mA/°C.
- 5. For HER and Green derate linearly from 25°C at 1.8 mW/°C.
- 6. The transient peak current is the maximum non-recurring current that can be applied to the device without damaging the LED die and wirebond. It is not recommended that the device be operated at peak currents beyond the peak forward current listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

# Electrical/Optical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

		Red		Green			Test		
Sym.	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I <sub>V</sub>	Luminous Intensity HLMP-4000	2.1	5		4.2	8		mcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
	HLMP-0800	2.1	3.5		2.6	4.0		nica	$I_{\rm F}$ = 20 mA
$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$	Peak Wavelength		635			565		nm	
$\lambda_{ m d}$	Dominant Wavelength <sup>[1]</sup>		626			569			
$ au_{ m s}$	Speed of Response		90			500		ns	
С	Capacitance		11			18		pF	$V_F = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
$V_{\mathrm{F}}$	Forward Voltage		1.9	2.4		2.1	2.7	V	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{R}$	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	5			5			V	$I_R = 100  \mu A$
$R\theta_{J-PIN}$	Thermal Resistance		260		260			°C/W	Junction to Cathode Lead
2θ ½	Included Angle Between Half Luminous Intensity Points <sup>[2]</sup>								
20 72	HLMP-4000		65			65		Deg.	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
	HLMP-0800		100			100			$I_{\rm F}$ = 20 mA
$\eta_{ m V}$	Luminous Efficacy <sup>[3]</sup>		145			595		Lumen/ Watt	

#### Notes:

- $1. \ The \ dominant \ wavelength, \lambda_d, is \ derived \ from \ the \ CIE \ chromaticity \ diagram \ and \ represents \ the \ single \ wavelength \ which \ defines \ the$ color of the device. 2.  $\theta^1/2$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. Radiant intensity,  $I_e$ , in watts steradian, may be found from the equation  $I_e = I_v/\eta_v$  where  $I_v$  is the luminous intensity in candelas and  $\eta_v$  is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

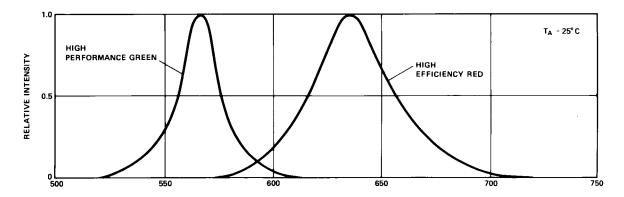
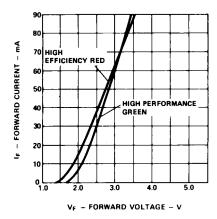


Figure 1. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength.



3.5

HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

3.0

2.5

HIGH
PERFORMANCE
GREEN

1.0

HLMP-0800
BOTH COLORS

0.5

0

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

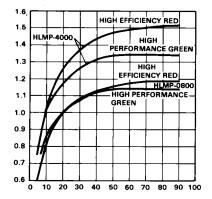
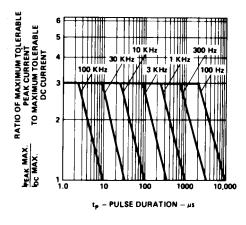


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage Characteristics.

Figure 3. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. DC Forward Current.

Figure 4. Relative Efficiency (Luminous Intensity per Unit Current) vs. Peak LED Current.



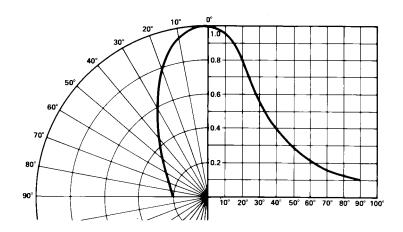


Figure 5. Maximum Tolerable Peak Current vs. Pulse Duration. (I $_{DC}$  MAX as per MAX Ratings).

Figure 6. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement for the HLMP-4000.

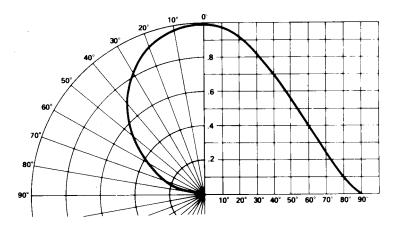


Figure 7. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement for the HLMP-0800.